

CROSSWORD PUZZLE QUESTIONS

DOWN

1. Used to divide a field into more than one field for livestock grazing.
2. The two primary sources of erosion (two words).
3. Water used for irrigation comes from surface water or from a _____.
4. _____ tillage is a practice where little cultivation takes place prior to planting a crop leaving crop-stubble residue on the soil surface.
5. The name of a pit used to collect water from running off a field.
6. A type of irrigation where water is placed on the crop at a slow and measured rate.
7. Fort Collins Conservation _____.
8. Instead of the word "dirt", one should use the word _____.
9. A general term of land used for livestock grazing.
10. Areas used by waterfowl.
11. A waterway in a field covered with vegetation that is used to carry surface water from a field.
12. A type of habitat used for pheasants, deer, ducks, and other non-domestic species.
13. A type of soil that does not have good water holding capabilities.
14. _____ grazing is performed by dividing a pasture up into several smaller fields.
15. A _____ is a tiny furrow resulting in water erosion.
16. This word refers to trees and shrubs along a stream bank.
17. A type of farming where different crops are grown in narrow fields.
18. A _____ tank is used to water livestock.
19. A _____ turns over the soil and leaves very little crop-stubble on the soil surface.
20. Soil is generally made up of three things, - sand, _____, and clay.
21. A good wildlife habitat planting is one that provides both cover and _____.

ACROSS

22. A type of tillage where the previous crop residue is not cultivated prior to planting the next crop.
23. Used to harvest grain.
24. United States _____ of Agriculture.
25. A tree planting in a field to slow the wind's force.
26. The movement of soil by way of wind or water.
27. A term for soil, on the surface, where crops are grown.
28. This government agency used to be called the Soil Conservation Service (_____ Resources Conservation Service).
29. A word used for farming around a slope where tillage is performed at a constant elevation.
30. A windbreak consists of trees and _____.
31. These are placed on the contour of the land to control water erosion.
32. What you apply in the bottom of a ditch or canal to control against irrigation water seepage.
33. A type of soil which has good water holding capabilities.
34. That which is used to transport water from the pump to the crop.
35. Earth _____ help improve soil fertility.
36. Irrigating by running water in furrows is called _____ irrigation.
37. The planting of vegetation in one's yard which does not require much moisture for growth.
38. A type of fence planted with trees and shrubs to control snow drifting onto roads (two words).
39. A general term for cattle, sheep, horses, etc.
40. Water stored under the ground.

(ANSWERS)

notill	windwater	contour
erosion	windbreak	District
Natural	tailwater	soil
Grassed	terraces	clay
lining	strip	top
livingsnow	xeriscape	rangeland
combine	livestock	sandy
Department	fence	drip
riparian	wetlands	rill
wildlife	food	pipeline
well	silt	worms
stock	shrubs	minimum
plow	furrow	rotation
groundwater		

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